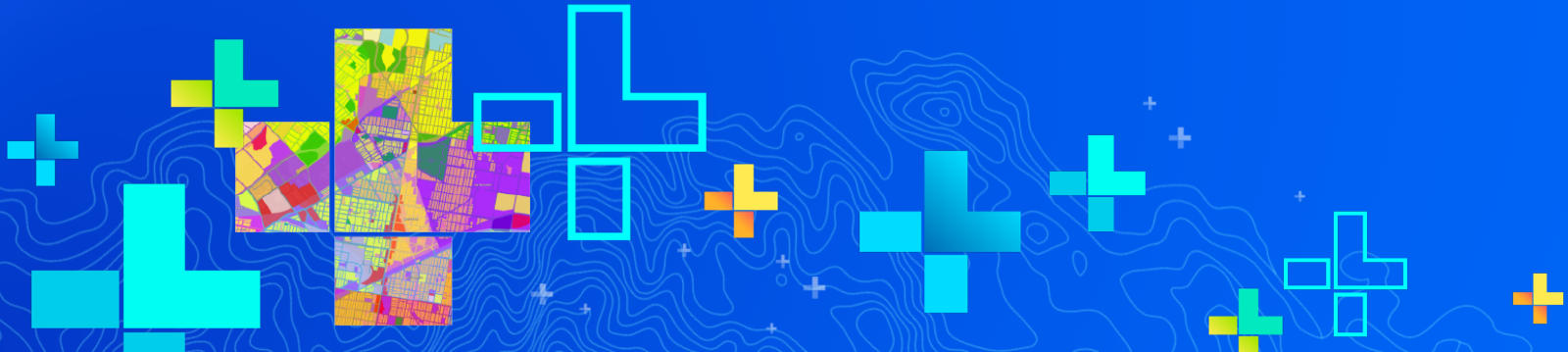




Enterprise System Integration Patterns

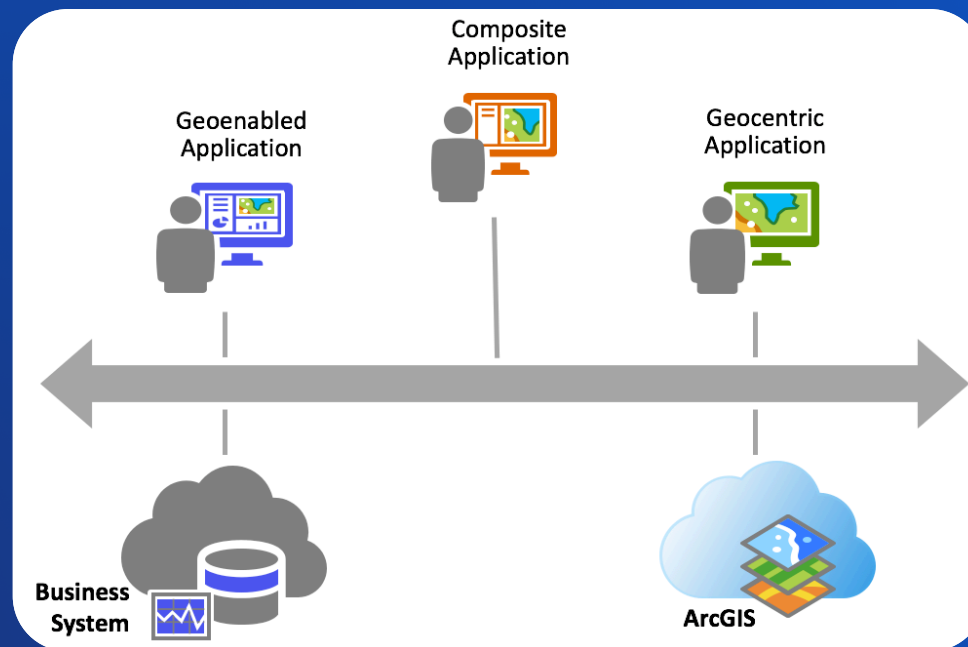
Sean McGinnis – Solution Architect

SEE
WHAT
OTHERS
CAN'T



Enterprise Integration: Application Patterns

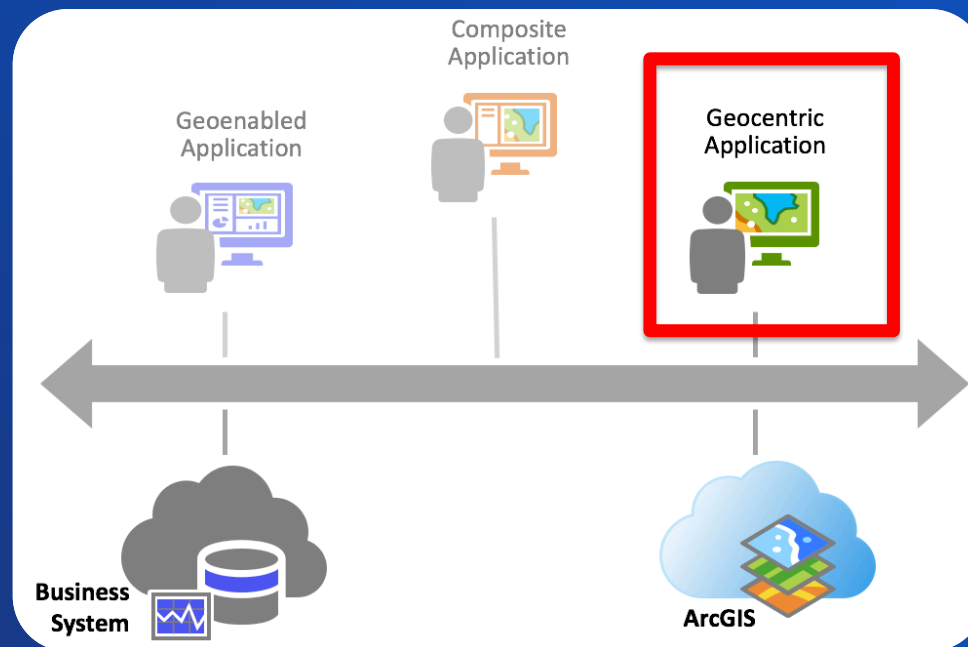
Patterns for integrating disparate information systems



Seek to achieve the greatest impact from available capabilities

Enterprise Integration: Application Patterns

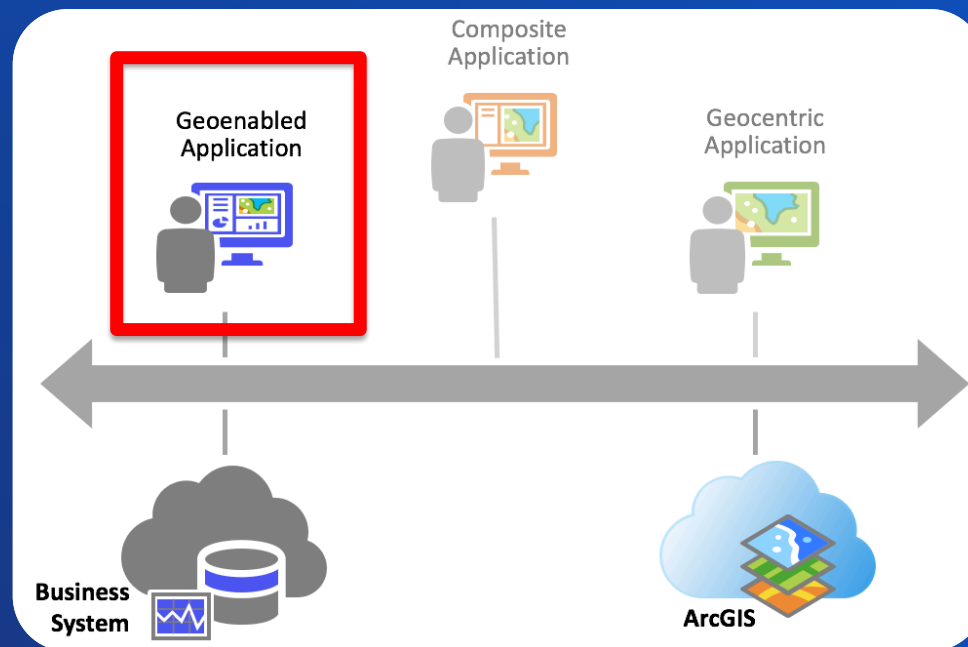
Patterns for integrating disparate information systems



...enhance mapping applications

Enterprise Integration: Application Patterns

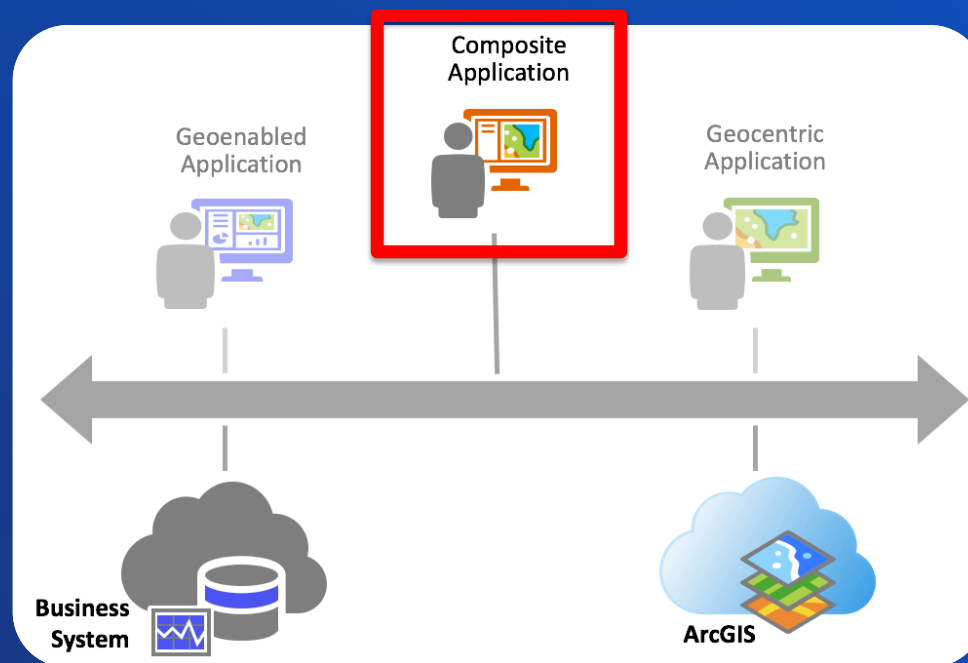
Patterns for integrating disparate information systems



...enhance business applications

Enterprise Integration: Application Patterns

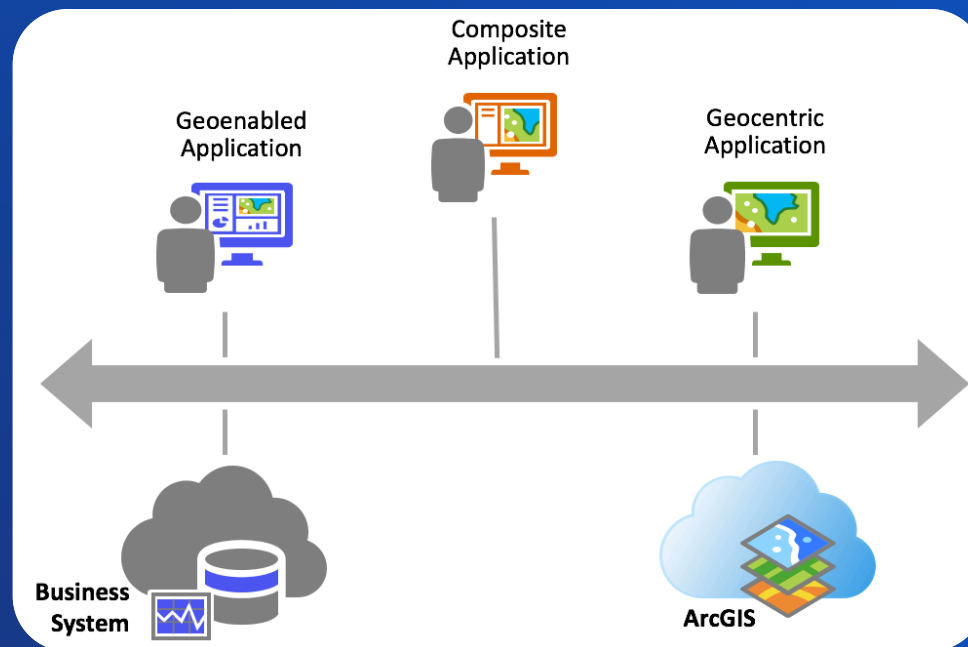
Patterns for integrating disparate information systems



...integrate from multiple systems

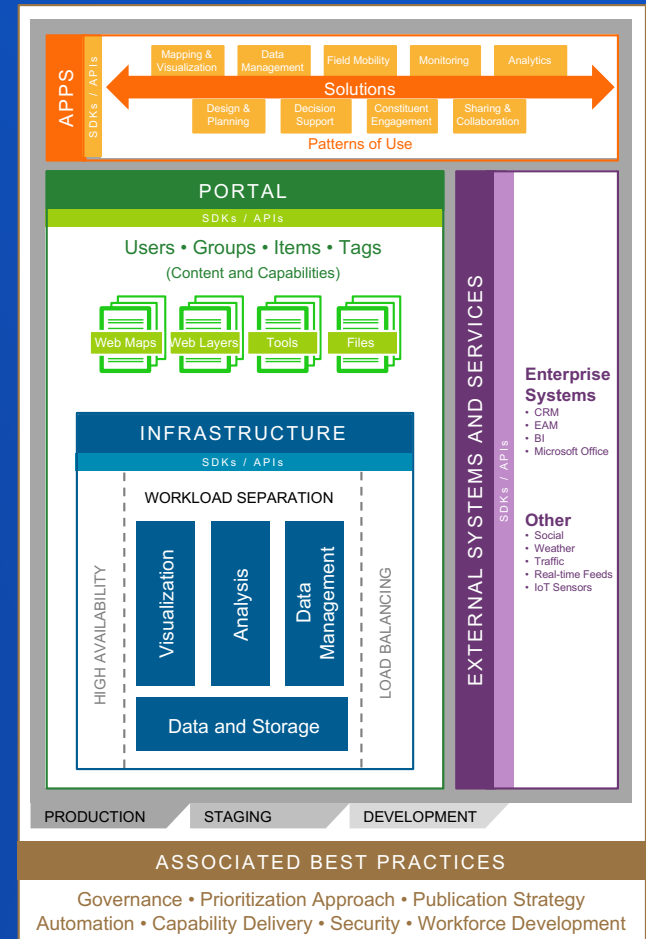
Enterprise Integration: Application Patterns

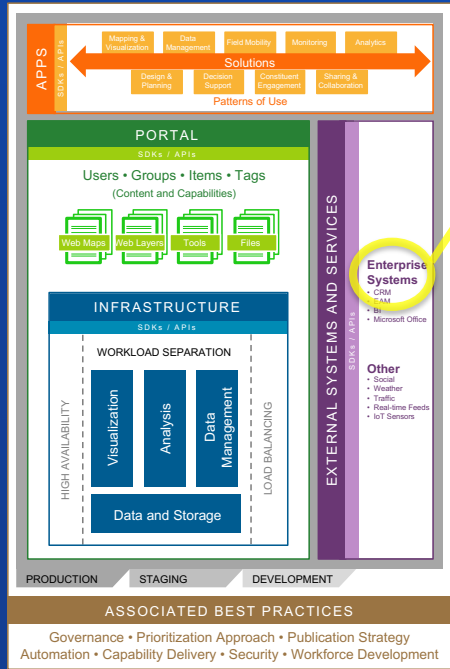
Patterns for integrating disparate information systems



...enhance workflows by leveraging the power of location

ArcGIS Conceptual Reference Architecture





Architecting the ArcGIS Platform: Best Practices

Enterprise Integration: Application Patterns

Application integration patterns describe different approaches to incorporating location intelligence into applications. You can use these patterns to identify how users will interact with geospatial content, and how capabilities from GIS and other business systems should integrate.

Patterns for Integrating GIS with Business Applications

Application integration lets you deliver solutions that combine data and tools from disparate systems—including your GIS as well as business systems like permitting, licensing, and asset management systems. With integrated solutions, you can improve cross-functional business processes and provide decision-makers with integrated views of your organization's information.

How you integrate GIS with other systems will depend on which system you use as the hosting framework. ArcGIS helps you meet varying integration needs by supporting multiple application integration patterns (as shown in Figure 5). These patterns include:

- Geocentric applications**, which enhance GIS applications with business data and capabilities to automate or inform location-centric activities. Geocentric applications are dominated by geospatial content and capabilities, while delivering business content and capabilities secondarily. This pattern typically uses a GIS application as the hosting framework. It is best suited for staff who are familiar with GIS applications, for situations where GIS activities are central, or for cases where a user-friendly GIS template or configurable app provides most of the needed functionality.
- Geoenabled applications**, which enhance business applications with GIS data and capabilities to automate or inform business activities. Geoenabled applications are dominated by business system content and capabilities that are supplemented by GIS capabilities. This pattern typically uses the business system as the hosting framework. It is best suited for staff who are familiar with the business system that automates the related workflows, or when an extensible business system provides most of the needed functionality.
- Composite applications**, which integrate capabilities from multiple systems in situations where no existing system can or should serve as the hosting framework. This pattern typically uses web services to integrate data and logic from multiple systems to derive new functionality. Composite applications are conceptually comparable to mashups, and they represent a contemporary trend in enterprise application development.

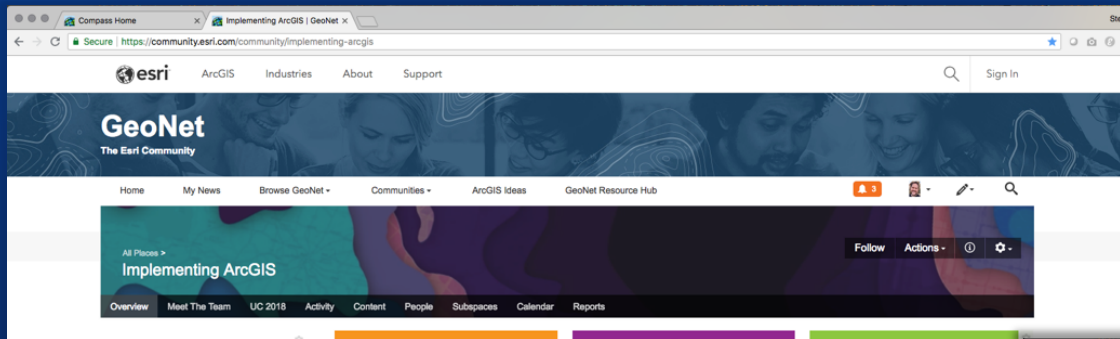
No single application integration pattern fits all situations. You can use the application pattern that best combines capabilities from ArcGIS and your business system to deliver the greatest impact.

Recommendations

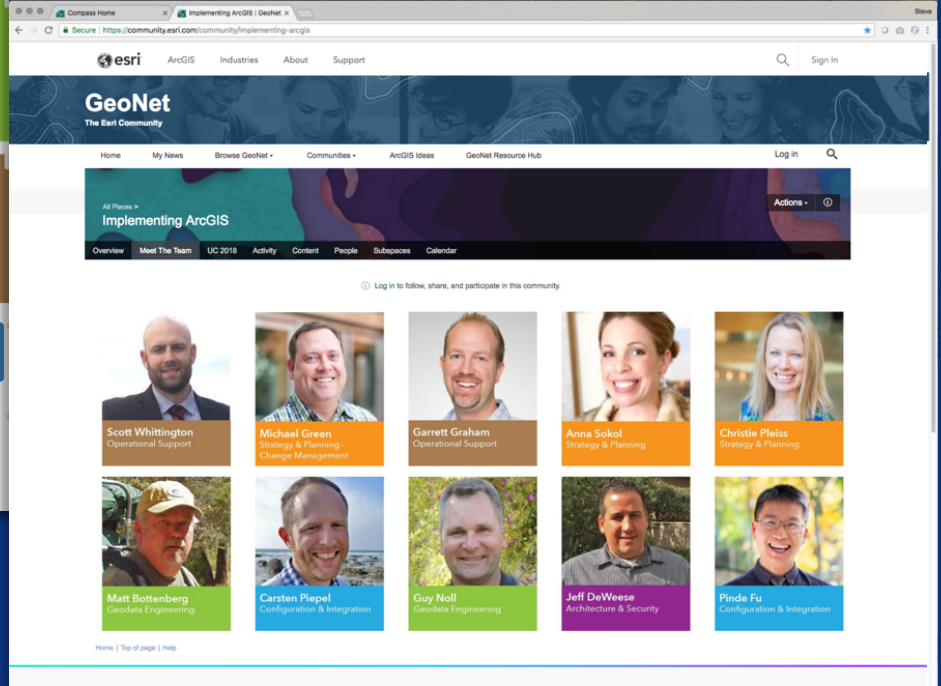
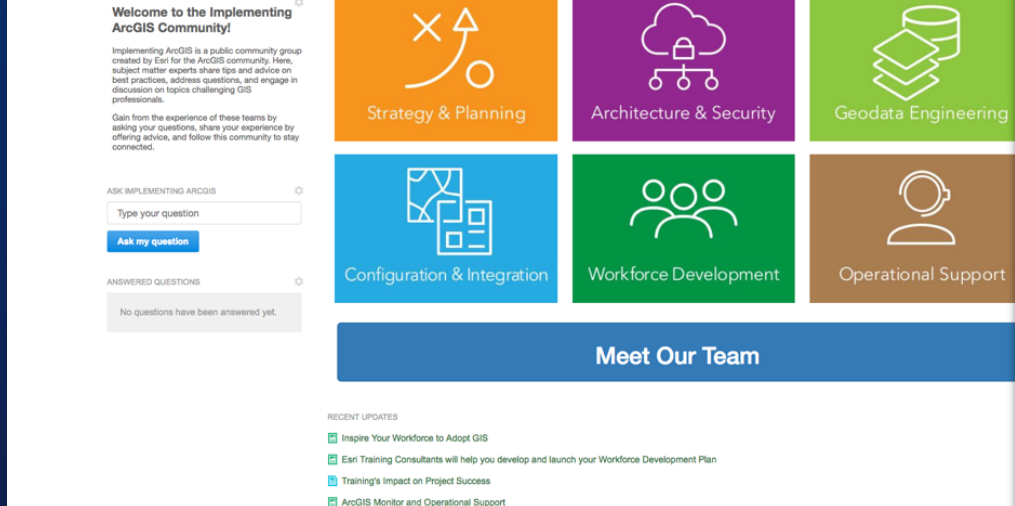
The following guidelines can help you determine which application integration pattern best suits your situation:

- If most of the capabilities you need are delivered by your GIS, deploy a geocentric application.
- When you need to access GIS content and capabilities within a business system or application, deploy a geoenabled application.
- When you need a discrete application that integrates content and capabilities from both your GIS and existing business systems, build a composite application.

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Thought leaders sharing best practices on Implementing ArcGIS throughout the year



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