

Cursors

- Used to:
 - Iterate over the set of rows in a table
 - Insert new rows into a table

1. Use the data access (da) module cursors

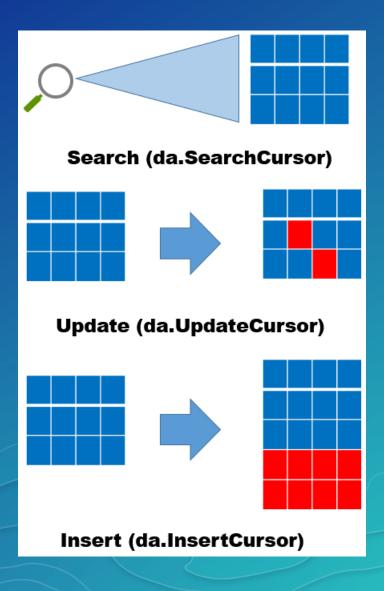
Two Types of Cursors

- arcpy.da cursors (10.1 onwards; significantly faster performance)
- "Classic" cursors (provided only for continuing backward compatibility)

Degacy: The arcpy.da cursors (arcpy.da.SearchCursor, arcpy.da.UpdateCursor, and arcpy.da.InsertCursor) were introduced with ArcGIS 10.1 to provide significantly faster performance over the previously existing set of cursor functions (arcpy.SearchCursor, arcpy.UpdateCursor, and arcpy.InsertCursor). The original cursors are provided only for continuing backward compatibility.

2. Choose the right cursor for the task

Data Access Module Cursors



Required Arguments

- Table
 - The feature class, layer, table, or table view
- Fields
 - Single field or list of field names
 - Index position in fields parameter defines value access

```
# 0 1 2
fields = ["Name", "Year", "Count"]
```

3. Use tokens as shortcuts

Tokens

Used as shortcuts in place of field names

- OID@ —The value of the ObjectID field.
- SHAPE@ —A geometry object for the feature.
- SHAPE@XY —A tuple of the feature's centroid x,y coordinates.
- SHAPE@TRUECENTROID —A tuple of the feature's true centroid x,y coordinates.
- SHAPE@X —A double of the feature's x-coordinate.
- SHAPE@Y —A double of the feature's y-coordinate.
- SHAPE@Z —A double of the feature's z-coordinate.
- SHAPE@M —A double of the feature's m-value.

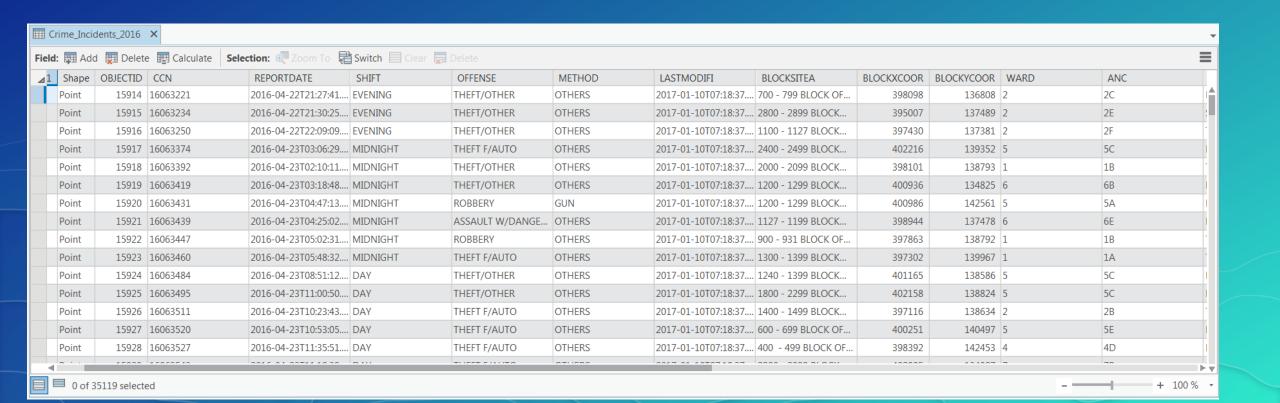
- SHAPE@JSON The esri JSON string representing the geometry.
- SHAPE@WKB —The well-known binary (WKB)
 representation for OGC geometry. It provides a
 portable representation of a geometry value as a
 contiguous stream of bytes.
- SHAPE@WKT —The well-known text (WKT)
 representation for OGC geometry. It provides a
 portable representation of a geometry value as a text
 string.
- SHAPE@AREA —A double of the feature's area.
- SHAPE@LENGTH —A double of the feature's length.

4. Need to limit results? Use the where clause parameter.

arcpy.da.SearchCursor

```
arcpy.da.SearchCursor(in_table, field_names,
    {where_clause}, {spatial_reference},
    {explode_to_points}, {sql_clause})
```

arcpy.da.SearchCursor



```
# Open a Search Cursor, print results
table = "Crime_Incidents_2016"
fields = ["Shift", "Offense", "Method", "Ward"]
qry = " Ward = '6' "
with arcpy.da.SearchCursor(table, fields, qry) as cursor:
    for row in cursor:
        print("Shift: {} Offense:{} Method: {} Ward: {}".format(row[0], row[1], row[2], row[3]))
```

☐ Crime_Incidents_2016 ×													
Field: 🕮 Add 👼 Delete 🕮 Calculate Selection: 🚭 Zoom To 🚭 Switch 🗎 Clear 👼 Delete													
⊿1	Shape	OBJECTID	CCN	REPORTDATE	SHIFT	OFFENSE	METHOD	LASTMODIFI	BLOCKSITEA	BLOCKXCOOR	BLOCKYCOOR	WARD	ANC
	Point	15914	16063221	2016-04-22T21:27:41	. EVENING	THEFT/OTHER	OTHERS	2017-01-10T07:18:37	. 700 - 799 BLOCK OF	398098	136808	2 2	2C I
	Point	15915	16063234	2016-04-22T21:30:25	EVENING	THEFT/OTHER	OTHERS	2017-01-10T07:18:37	. 2800 - 2899 BLOCK	395007	137489	2	2E :
	Point	15916	16063250	2016-04-22T22:09:09	EVENING	THEFT/OTHER	OTHERS	2017-01-10T07:18:37	. 1100 - 1127 BLOCK	397430	137381	2	2F ·
	Point	15917	16063374	2016-04-23T03:06:29	MIDNIGHT	THEFT F/AUTO	OTHERS	2017-01-10T07:18:37	. 2400 - 2499 BLOCK	402216	139352	5	5C I
	Point	15918	16063392	2016-04-23T02:10:11	MIDNIGHT	THEFT/OTHER	OTHERS	2017-01-10T07:18:37	. 2000 - 2099 BLOCK	398101	138793	1 1	1B
	Point	15919	16063419	2016-04-23T03:18:48	MIDNIGHT	THEFT/OTHER	OTHERS	2017-01-10T07:18:37	. 1200 - 1299 BLOCK	400936	134825	6	6B I
	Point	15920	16063431	2016-04-23T04:47:13	MIDNIGHT	ROBBERY	GUN	2017-01-10T07:18:37	. 1200 - 1299 BLOCK	400986	142561	5	5A I
	Point	15921	16063439	2016-04-23T04:25:02	MIDNIGHT	ASSAULT W/DANGE	OTHERS	2017-01-10T07:18:37	. 1127 - 1199 BLOCK	398944	137478	6	6E I
	Point	15922	16063447	2016-04-23T05:02:31	MIDNIGHT	ROBBERY	OTHERS	2017-01-10T07:18:37	. 900 - 931 BLOCK OF	397863	138792	1 1	1B ·
	Point	15923	16063460	2016-04-23T05:48:32	MIDNIGHT	THEFT F/AUTO	OTHERS	2017-01-10T07:18:37	. 1300 - 1399 BLOCK	397302	139967	1 2	1A ·
	Point	15924	16063484	2016-04-23T08:51:12	DAY	THEFT/OTHER	OTHERS	2017-01-10T07:18:37	. 1240 - 1399 BLOCK	401165	138586	5	5C
	Point	15925	16063495	2016-04-23T11:00:50	DAY	THEFT/OTHER	OTHERS	2017-01-10T07:18:37	. 1800 - 2299 BLOCK	402158	138824	5	5C
	Point	15926	16063511	2016-04-23T10:23:43	DAY	THEFT F/AUTO	OTHERS	2017-01-10T07:18:37	. 1400 - 1499 BLOCK	397116	138634	2	2B ·
	Point	15927	16063520	2016-04-23T10:53:05	DAY	THEFT F/AUTO	OTHERS	2017-01-10T07:18:37	. 600 - 699 BLOCK OF	400251	140497	5	5E I
	Point	15928	16063527	2016-04-23T11:35:51	DAY	THEFT F/AUTO	OTHERS	2017-01-10T07:18:37	. 400 - 499 BLOCK OF	398392	142453	4 4	4D
4		45000	4 50 50 5 40	2045 04 00744 40 00	7. W	TUEST 5 (41)TO	OTUEDO	2047 04 4070740 07	2000 2000 21 2 21	400005	404007	-	¬¬
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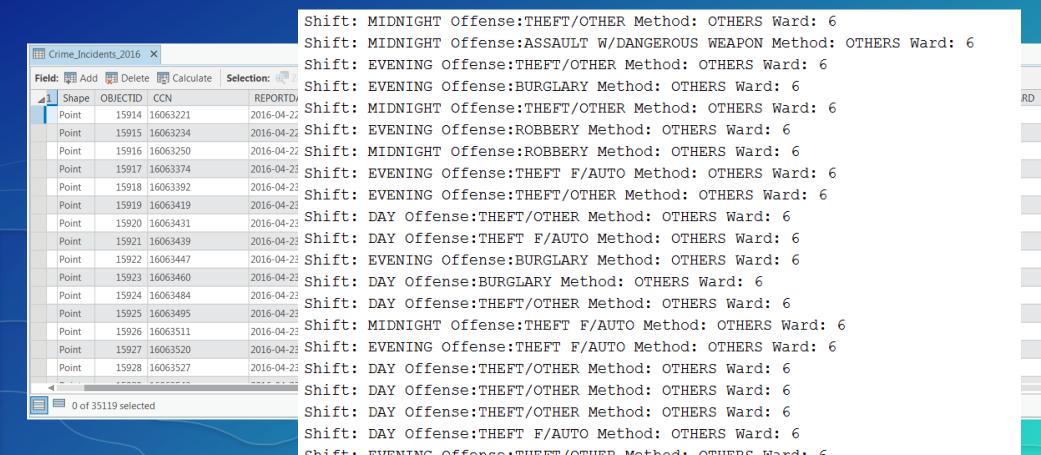
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    for row in cursor:
        print("Shift: {} Offense:{} Method: {} Ward: {}".format(row[0], row[1], row[2], row[3]))
```

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5. Need the geometry reported in a different coordinate system?

Use the spatial reference parameter.

```
# Open a Search Cursor with a where clause, print results
table = "Crime_Incidents_2016"
fields = ["Offense", "SHAPE@XY"]
qry = " Ward = '6' "
# WKID: 2248 for NAD_1983_StatePlane_Maryland_FIPS_1900_Feet
sro = arcpy.SpatialReference(2248)
with arcpy.da.SearchCursor(table, fields, qry, sro) as cursor:
    for row in cursor:
        print("Offense:{} Coordinates: {}".format(row[0], row[1]))
```

```
# Open a Search Cursor with a where clause, print results
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fields = ["Offense", "SHAPE@XY"]
qry = " Ward = '6' "
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sro = arcpy.SpatialReference(2248)
with arcpy.da.SearchCursor(table, fields, qry, sro) as cursor:
    for row in cursor:
        print("Offense:{} Coordinates: {}".format(row[0], row[1]))
```

```
Offense: ROBBERY Coordinates: (1308231.6409734625, 451799.8333681458)
Offense: THEFT F/AUTO Coordinates: (1312467.197828326, 440789.35427620757)
Offense: THEFT F/AUTO Coordinates: (1315108.2692477861, 443617.4334204988)
Offense: THEFT F/AUTO Coordinates: (1313418.6396913962, 443062.97236885206)
Offense: THEFT/OTHER Coordinates: (1316751.9669016926, 449053.7753106581)
Offense: SEX ABUSE Coordinates: (1313602.366157454, 450996.0289629688)
Offense: THEFT/OTHER Coordinates: (1312772.315310747, 447859.55179770023)
Offense: THEFT/OTHER Coordinates: (1316781.4944870411, 441826.09797414625)
Offense: THEFT F/AUTO Coordinates: (1305656.1861242952, 453459.935325456)
Offense: BURGLARY Coordinates: (1310990.8224155093, 443309.03488714236)
Offense: THEFT F/AUTO Coordinates: (1311322.1865406574, 449207.97437929467)
Offense: THEFT F/AUTO Coordinates: (1306384.5313509994, 450343.14282557205)
```

6. Need information about every vertex? Use the explode to points parameter.

Resources

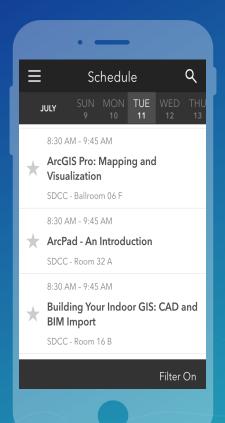
- What is the data access module?—Data Access module | ArcGIS Desktop: http://pro.arcgis.com/en/pro-app/arcpy/data-access/what-is-the-data-access-module-.htm
- Accessing data using cursors—ArcPy Get Started | ArcGIS Desktop: http://pro.arcgis.com/en/pro-app/arcpy/get-started/data-access-using-cursors.htm
- SearchCursor—Data Access module | ArcGIS Desktop: http://pro.arcgis.com/en/pro-app/arcpy/data-access/searchcursor-class.htm
- UpdateCursor—Data Access module | ArcGIS Desktop: http://pro.arcgis.com/en/pro-app/arcpy/data-access/updatecursor-class.htm
- InsertCursor—Data Access module | ArcGIS Desktop: http://pro.arcgis.com/en/pro-app/arcpy/data-access/insertcursor-class.htm

Please Take Our Survey on the Esri Events App!

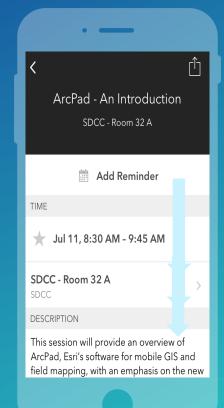
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Select the session you attended



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